

## Statutory right of access

- PIPEDA, Schedule 1, section 4.9 Principle 9 Individual Access
  - "Upon request, an individual shall be <u>informed of the existence</u>, use, and <u>disclosure</u> of his or her <u>personal information</u> and <u>shall be given access</u> to that information. An individual shall be able to challenge the accuracy and completeness of the information and have it amended as appropriate."
  - Recall: "personal information" is defined as "information about an identifiable individual."
- Similar (not identical) rights exist in "substantially similar" provincial legislation
  - Alberta's Personal Information Protection Act, ss. 23 24
  - British Columbia's Personal Information Protection Act, s. 23
  - Quebec's Act respecting the protection of personal information in the private sector, s. 27
  - Ontario's Personal Health Information Protection Act, ss. 51 53

## **OPC's 2023-2024 Annual Report**

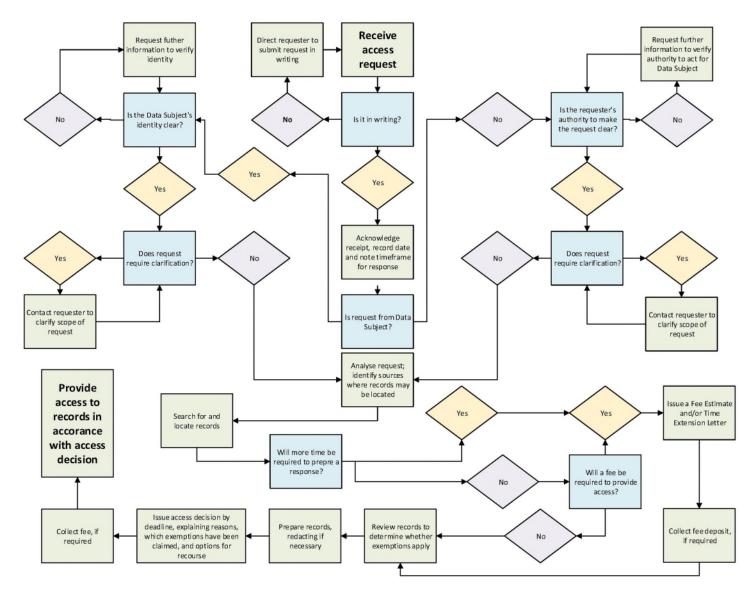
#### PIPEDA

- Access-related complaints accounted for greatest proportion of complaints to OPC (23%) with an average treatment time of 7.6 months
- Time extensions accounted for 11% of complaints with an average treatment time of 3.3 months

#### Privacy Act

- Time limits accounted for greatest proportion of complaints to OPC (54%) with an average treatment time of 1.8 months
- Access-related issues accounted for the second highest number of complaints to OPC (29%) with an average treatment time of 9.6 months

## **Responding to DSARs**



## Receiving and scoping a DSAR

- Confirm requester's identity / authority
  - What about employees?
- Consider validity of request
- Make note of timelines
- Identify the parameters of the request timeframes, types of data, etc.
  - Clarify the request if unclear
  - Narrow the scope if overly broad

## **Breakout #1 – Scope**

- Work with your table
- Discuss if/how to verify the requester's identity
- Determine if/how to narrow the access request

## Search for responsive information

- Consider the form of responsive information
  - Paper records (notes, briefings, minutes, reports, etc.)
  - Video and audio recordings (CCTV footage, call recordings, etc.)
  - Electronic records (emails, logs from connected devices, order history, etc.)
- Identify relevant people, departments, third parties
- Delegate search effort and revert findings

### **Breakout #2 - Search**

- Work with your table
- Consider the access request from Breakout session #1
- Consider the individuals, departments, databases, etc. listed in Breakout #2 and determine who should be involved in the search effort and how work should be delegated

## **Responding to DSAR - General**

- PIPEDA, Schedule 1, section 4.9 Principle 9, section 4.9.1
  - "Upon request, organization shall inform individual <u>whether or not it holds</u> personal information about the individual. Organizations are encouraged to <u>indicate the source</u> of this information. The organization <u>shall</u> <u>allow the individual access</u> to this information. [...] In addition, the organization shall <u>provide an account of the use</u> that has been made or is being made of this information <u>and an account of the third parties to which it has been disclosed</u>."
- Large volumes of information
  - Timelines and extensions
- Refusing a request and deemed refusals
- Costs
- Form

## **Breakout #3 – Respond**

- Work with your table
- Consider the access request from Breakout session #1
- Review the information that has been identified as being responsive to the request. What considerations arise when determining how best to respond?

## **Responding to DSAR - Tricky issues**

- Providing access
  - Navigating exemptions and exceptional circumstances
  - Required information
  - Accommodation issues
- Automatically generated requests
- Requests in the context of litigation
- Deletion requests
- Evolving data portability rights

## **Breakout #4 – Redacting records**

- Work individually
- Consider the access request from Breakout session #1
- Review the sample information provided and identify which portions should be withheld when providing access and why

# Questions?

#### DENTONS

## Thank you



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